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Syracuse, N.Y.

Souvenir - 1905

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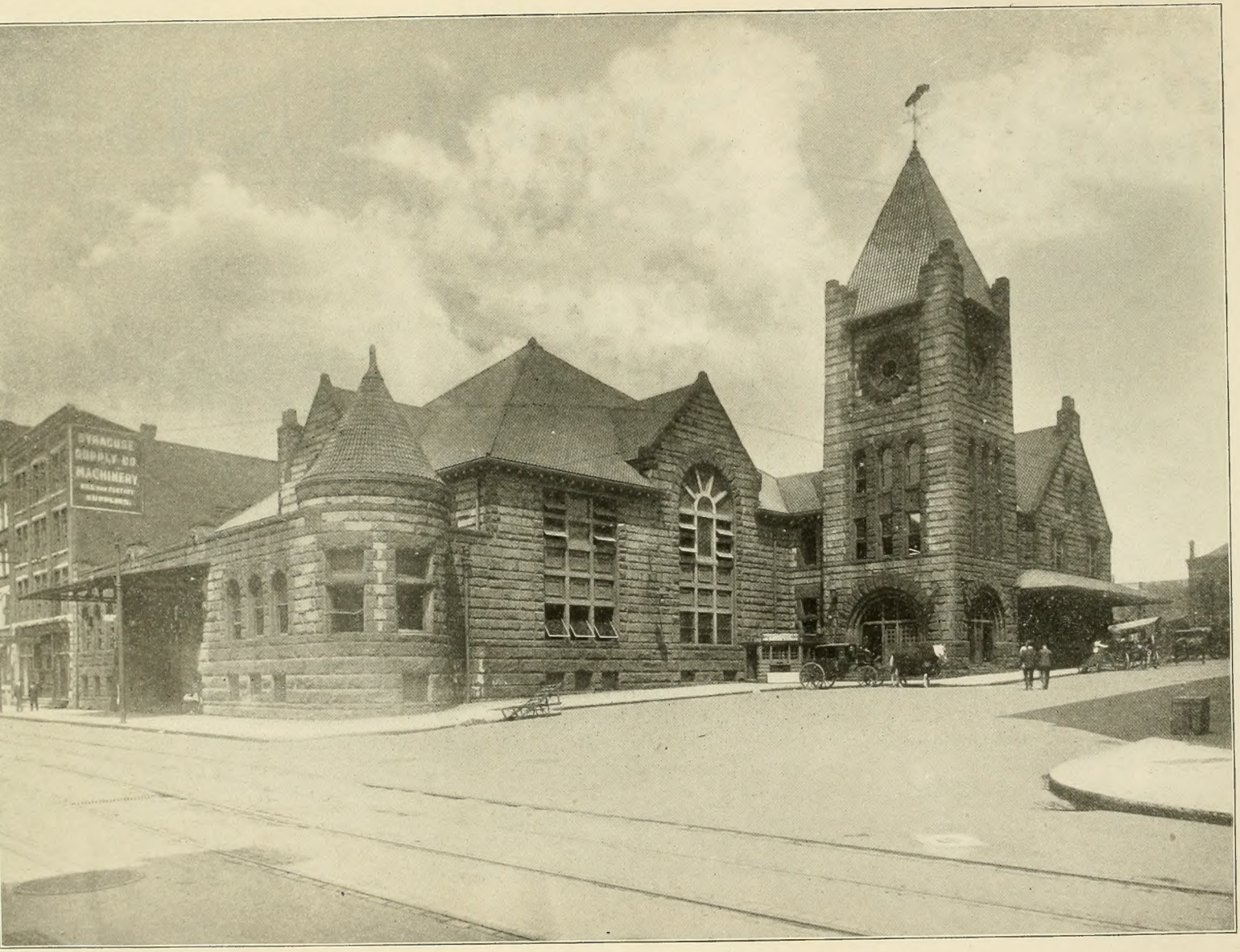
SYRACUSE

SYRACUSE was first known to the Indians, in 1786, as Webster's Camp. From 1786 to 1809 it was called Bogardus' Corners, and in 1812 the name was changed to Salina. In 1814 the town came to be known as Cossits' Corners, and three years later as Corinth. It was not until 1824 that it received its present name of Syracuse.

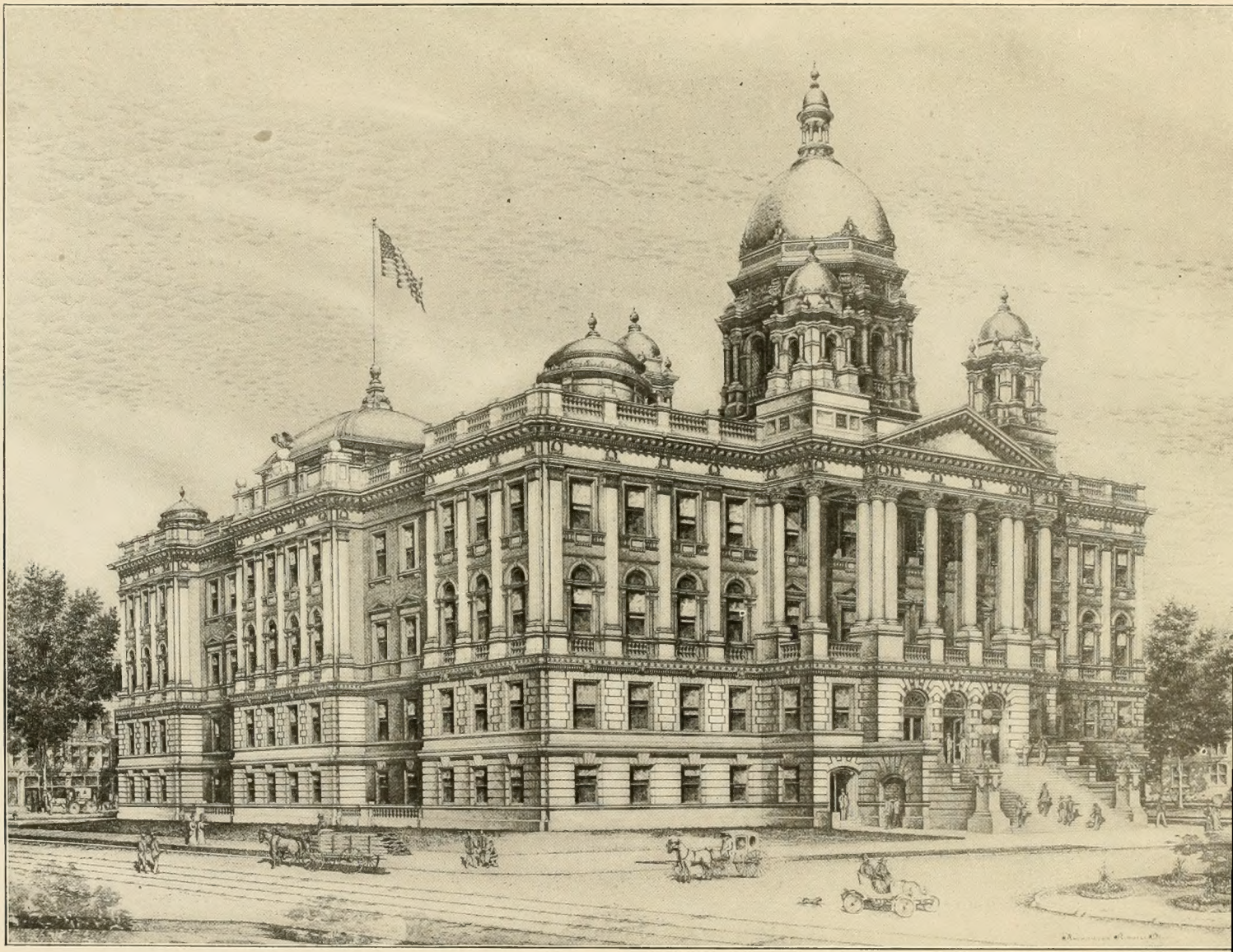
Syracuse of to-day is a thriving industrial city of over 100,000 inhabitants, situated on the south end of Onondaga Lake, which is 6 miles long and 1½ mile wide, with an elevation of 360 feet above the sea level. The city owes a great part of its wealth to the salt springs in the marshes bordering the lake, which have been exploited since 1650, and now yield about 3,000,000 bushels annually. A visit to the evaporating houses, brine conduits, and pumping houses is very interesting. The Erie Canal runs through the middle of the town, a little to the north of the railway, and affords scenes of almost Venetian effect by moonlight. Among the most noteworthy buildings are the City Hall, in Washington Street, in the Richardsonian style; the Post-office, in Fayette Street, a pleasing relief to the stereotyped Mansard-roofed Government Buildings; the Syracuse Savings Bank, on the Canal; St. Paul's Cathedral; St. John's Cathedral; the State Hospital for Feeble-minded Children; and the Court-house. The Museum of Fine Arts was opened in 1897. In the southeast part of the city are the handsome buildings of Syracuse University, including the Crouse Memorial Hall for Women, the Hall of Languages, the Holden Observatory, and the Library, which contains over 55,000 volumes, including the rare historical collection of Leopold von Ranke. The hill on which the University stands commands a most magnificent view of the city, lake, and surrounding hills.

The beautiful Oakwood Cemetery lies adjacent. The handsomest resident street is James Street, leading to the northeast from the center of the city. A Boulevard, 100 feet wide, has been constructed around Onondaga Lake.

J. MURRAY JORDAN, PUBLISHER,
1438 SOUTH PENN SQUARE, PHILADELPHIA.



NEW YORK CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION.



THE NEW COURT-HOUSE.

THE OLD COURT-HOUSE.

GENERAL VIEW OF SYRACUSE.

CITY HALL.

UNIVERSITY BLOCK.

THE PHILIP ECKEL MONUMENT.

SNIPER

CLINTON SQUARE.

CARNEGIE LIBRARY

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

THE STATE ARMORY.

PANORAMA OF SYL

ACUSE UNIVERSITY.

JOHN CROUSE COLLEGE OF FINE ARTS, SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT BUILDING.

SALINA STREET.

FAYETTE STREET.

FAYETTE SQUARE.

WASHINGTON STREET, LOOKING EAST ACROSS SALINA STREET.

ON THE ERIE CANAL.

FOREMAN PARK.

JAMES STREET.

CIRCLE AT WEST ONONDAGA STREET.

SALT INDUSTRY, THE PUMP HOUSES.

SALT INDUSTRY, SOLAR EVAPORATION.

YATES CASTLE.

THE OUTLET OF ONONDAGA LAKE.

BOATING IN WINTER ON ONONDAGA LAKE.

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